NOTES AND OBSERVATIONS ON LEPTURINI IN NEW ENGLAND (COLEOPTERA: CERAMBYCIDAE)

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ABSTRACT

Eight years of collection and host plant data are presented for 54 species of the tribe Lepturini. These records are from: Moosehead Lake, Maine; Durham, New Hampshire; and Fall River, Massachusetts.

Eight years of collection, observation, and literature review have yielded the following information on Lepturini in New England. The majority of observations were made near Moosehead Lake (1), in west-central Maine; other observations were made in the areas of Durham, New Hampshire (2), and Fall River, Massachusetts (3). Records are cited by these numbers in the following list. Information also has been taken from the collections of the Universities of Maine, New Hampshire, and Massachusetts.

The nomenclature of this list follows that of Swaine and Hopping (1928), Hopping (1937) and is supplemented with the other sources listed. Names of all plants were taken from Fernald (1950). Scarce indicates that adults were found in very small numbers; common indicates that they were generally plentiful.

Pseudopachyta rugipennis Newman (1 & 2, scarce). Host plant: dead pine (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Found under the bark of dead and dying Pinus strobus L.

Pidonia aurata (Horn) (2, scarce).

Pidonia ruficollis (Say) (1,2, & 3, common). Frequents flowers of Geranium maculatum L. (Knull 1946), Viburnum cassinoides L., Cornus stolonifera Michx., Cornus alternifolia L., and Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC.

Idiopidonia pedalis (LeConte) (1, 2, 3, scarce).

Grammoptera exigua (Newman) (3, scarce).

Grammoptera haematites (Newman) (2 & 3, scarce). Frequents flowers of Cornus alternifolia L.

Grammoptera subargentata (Kirby) (1, 2, & 3, common). Found on flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L. Cornus stolonifera Michx., Cornus alternifolia L., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., and Spirea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Grammoptera ruficeps (LeConte) (2 & 3, scarce). Taken on flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L.

Alosterna capitata (Newman) (1, 2, 3, scarce). Frequents flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Cornus alternifolia L. and Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC.

Leptura emarginata Fabricius (3, scarce). Host plants: Castanea, Ulmus, Fagus, Quercus, Nyssa, and Betula (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Adults may be easily taken by use of fermenting bait (Knull 1946).

Leptura subhamata Randall (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Host plants: Tsuga and Pinus. Taken on logs of Fagus and Quercus (Wickham 1897). Taken on Spirea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Leptura plebeja Randall (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Taken on Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Leptura lineola Say (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plant: Betula (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Breeds in dead birch stumps and dead ironwood (Knull 1946). Taken on flowers of Rubus alleghaniensis Porter (Blackman 1918), Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh., Cornus stolonifera Michx., and Viburnum.

Typocerus acuticauda Casey (1 & 3, scarce).

Typocerus zebra (Olivier) (2, scarce). Host plants: dead stumps of the genus Pinus (Swaine & Hopping 1928); mines oaks (Beutenmuller 1896). Adults are found on flowers, especially Rhus spp. (Dillon 1961).

Typocerus velutinus (Olivier) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: decaying hardwoods and conifers (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Reared from decayed Betula alleghaniensis Britton (Knull 1946). Taken on Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Typocerus sinuatus (Newman) (3, scarce).

Anoplodera nigrella (Say) (1&2, scarce). Recorded as breeding in dead pine (Knull 1946). Host plants: Pinus and Picea (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Found ovipositing on spruce-fir pulpwood.

Anoplodera sexmaculata (Linnaeus) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Found on flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., Rubus alleghaniensis Porter, Achillea millefolium L., and Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L.

Anoplodera cordifera (Olivier) (1, 2, & 3, common). Found on Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Anoplodera nitens (Forster) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: Quercus, Castanea, Juglans (Swaine & Hopping 1928), and Quercus velutina Lam. (Wickham 1897). Larvae mine beneath bark at bases of trees. Reared from decayed Acer saccharum Marsh. (Knull 1946)

Anoplodera octonotata (Say) (3, scarce).

Anoplodera mutabilis (Newman) (1, 2, & 3, common). Breeds in numerous decaying hardwoods (Dillon 1961) including Quercus, Betula, Acer, Castanea, Fagus (Swaine & Hopping 1928), ironwood, Alnus, Populus, Salix, Prunus serotina Ehrh., and Betula nigra L. (Knull 1946). Found on flowers of Rubus alleghaniensis Porter (Blackman 1918), Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC, Cornus stolonifera Michx., Viburnum trilobum Marsh., Viburnum cassinoides L., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., and Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Anoplodera sanguinea LeConte (1 & 2, scarce). Taken on flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Viburnum trilobum Marsh., Cornus stolonifera Michx., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., and Achillea millefolium L.

Anoplodera biforis (Newman) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Host plant: Castanea (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Taken on spruce-fir pulpwood. Frequents Spiraea (Blackman 1918).

Anoplodera proxima (Say) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: Acer, Hicoria, Castanea, and Tilia (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Reared from Acer (Wickham 1897). Taken on Sambucus canadensis L., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., and Spirea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Anoplodera minnesotana (Casey) (1, 2, & 3, common). Same as A. proxima (Say).

Anoplodera canadensis (Olivier) (1, 2, & 3, Common). Host plants: Tsuga (Swaine & Hopping 1928, Wickham 1897). Pinus, Picea, Pinus strobus L. (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Found ovipositing on spruce-fir pulpwood. Taken on Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh., Solidago spp., and Eupatorium purpureum L.

Anoplodera chrysocoma (Kirby) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: Pinus spp. (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Taken on flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., Cornus stolonifera Michx., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., Rubus alleghaniensis Porter, and Achillea millefolium L.

Anoplodera rubrica (Say) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: hardwoods and conifers (Swaine & Hopping 1928). Taken on Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh. and Sorbaria sorbifolia (L.) A. Br.

Anoplodera vagans (Olivier) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: hickory and birch (Knull, 1946), Pinus (Swaine & Hopping 1928), Betula alleghaniensis Britton and Carya ovalis (Wangenh.) Sarg. (Wickham 1897). Taken on Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh. and Sorbaria sorbifolia (L.) A. Br. Anoplodera circumdata (Olivier) (2 & 3, common). Taken on Spiraea (Blackman 1918), Viburnum cassinoides L., and Cornus stolonifera Michx.

Anoplodera pubera (Say) (1, 2, & 3, common). Taken on Rubus alleghaniensis Porter (Blackman 1918), Viburnum cassinoides L., Cornus alternifolia L., Cornus stolonifera Michx., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh. and Rosa spp.

Anoplodera vittata (Swederus) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: Abies, Pinus, Juniperus, Castanea, and Larix (Swaine & Hopping 1928) as well as other conifers and hardwoods (Dillon 1961). Taken on flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Sambucus canadensis L., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh., and Sorbaria sorbifolia (L.) A. Br.

Encyclops coerulea (Say) (1 & 2, scarce). Knocked from dead cedar needles (Nicolay 1917). Recorded as breeding in the outer bark of living Quercus alba, Acer, Castanea, Nyssa, Fraxinus nigra Marsh., and Carya ovalis (Wangenh.) Sarg. (Knull 1946). Taken on flowers of Cornus alternifolia L.

Toxotus vittiger (Randall) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Frequents flowers of Hydrangea arborescens L. and Viburnum acerifolium L. (Knull 1946).

Toxotus schaumi (LeConte) (3, scarce).

Stenocorus inquisitor (Linnaeus) (1, 2, & 3, common). Host plants: Pinus, Abies, Tsuga, Larix (Hopping 1947) and Picea (Beutenmuller 1896). Taken under bark of dead Pinus logs and stumps.

Centrodera decolorata (Harris) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Host plants: Quercus and Castanea (Knull 1946). Occurs on Fagus (Procter 1946, Wickham 1897) and Acer (Procter 1946). Occasionally taken with black light trap.

Anthophylax malachiticus (Haldeman) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Frequents Picea (Procter 1946). May be taken on flowers of Cornus and Acer spicatum Lam. (Knull 1946).

Anthophylax viridis (LeConte) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Frequents flowers of Acer spicatum Lam. (Knull 1946).

Anthophylax attenuatus (Haldeman) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Reared from green branches of *Picea glauca* (Moench) Voss. (Procter 1946). Recorded as breeding in decayed *Fagus* (Knull 1946; Wickham 1897), *Acer*, *Populus*, and *Betula* (Knull 1946).

Evodinus monticola (Randall) (1 & 2, common). Recorded as breeding under bark of dead Tsuga trunks (Knull 1946, Procter 1946). Taken on flowers of Rubus alleghaniensis Porter (Blackman 1918), Viburnum cassinoides L., Viburnum trilobum Marsh., Cornus stolonifera Michx., Prunus spp., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., and Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Gaurotes cyanipennis (Say) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Recorded as breeding in Cornus, Juglans, Quercus, Prunus, Nyssa, Rhus (Knull 1946), and Betula (Wickham 1897). Taken on flowers of Rhus (Wickham 1897) and Cornus alternifolia L.

Gaurotes abdominalis Bland (1, scarce). Frequents flowers (Procter 1946).

Acmaeops pratensis (Laicharting) (1, 2, & 3, common). Taken on pine lumber (Wickham 1897) and spruce-fir pulpwood. Frequents flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L. and Achillea millefolium L.

Acmaeops proteus (Kirby) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Taken on pine lumber (Wickham 1897) and spruce-fir pulpwood. Taken by beating dead pine needles (Nicolay 1917). Frequents flowers of Viburnum cassinoides L., Pyrus americana (Marsh.) DC., Chrysanthemum leucanthemum L., and Achillea millefolium L.

Acmaeops thoracicus (Haldeman) (2, scarce). May be a variety of A. bivittatus (Say) (Knull 1946).

Acmaeops bivittatus (Say) (2, scarce).

Bellamira scalaris (Say) (1, 2, & 3, scarce). Larvae have been found in many hardwood and coniferous trees (Procter 1946). Lives in Betula alleghaniensis Britton (Blackman 1918). Frequents Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

Strangalina acuminata (Olivier) (2 & 3, scarce). Recorded as breeding in dead ironwood, Alnus, Physocarpus, and Viburnum (Knull 1946). Found on flowers of Sorbaria sorbifolia (L.) A. Br.

Strangalina famelica (Newman) (3, scarce). Recorded as breeding in decayed Betula alleghaniensis Britton and Quercus (Knull 1946). Found on flowers, especially Rosa spp. (Knull 1946).

Strangalina bicolor (Swederus) (3, scarce). Recorded as breeding in dead Acer and Quercus (Knull 1946). Frequents flowers, especially Rosa spp. (Knull 1946).

Strangalina luteicornis (Fabricius) (2 & 3, common). Recorded as breeding in decayed Viburnum dentatum L., Vitis, Fagus, and Ulmus (Knull Adults are abundant on flowers of Rhus glabra L. (Knull 1946) and Spiraea latifolia (Ait.) Borkh.

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